# **Evaluation of MASW and FWD Test for Measuring Multi-Layered Elastic Modulus of Chemically Stabilized Unpaved Roads**

### In situ FWD measured deflection data were compared with Measuring the elastic modulus for each of the material layers of unpaved roads are important theoretical calculated results

0.00

0.03

0.04

0.05

Deflection (in.)

Surface

- Evaluate performance and predict damage susceptibility.
- Conduct mechanistic design for overlay or surface upgrade.



Surface conditions of an unpaved road test section: (a) prior to freezing and (b) post thawing

### Falling weight deflectometer (FWD) test

- Kuab Model 150 2m FWD
- Four impact loads: 6000, 9000, 12000, and 14000 lb.
- Backcalculation method: combines the Boussinesq theory and Odemark's equivalent layer thickness assumption (AASHTO 1993).



A (a) photo of the FWD test device and (b) schematic of sensors setup

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KENLAYER software using theory of elastic layer systems (Huang 2004).

Distance from the Center of the Loading Plate (in.)

Roadway sured (12000 lb Load) 0.06 FWD Measured (14000 lb Load Calculated (Theory of Elasticity)

A comparison of FWD measured and theoretical calculated surface deflections

### Multichannel analysis of surface waves (MASW) test

- A geophysical test method using wave propagation theory.
- A phase-velocity and intercept-time scanning method for dispersion analysis (Lin 2014).
- A hybrid genetic-simulated annealing optimization algorithm for improving inversion (Lin 2014).



The MASW test procedure: (a) data collection, (b) dispersion analysis, and (c) inversion



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